Lost And Found Andrew Clements Comprehension Questions Tutorial

Lost and Found Andrew Clements Comprehension Questions

Lost and Found Andrew Clements comprehension questions are an essential resource for educators, parents, and students aiming to deepen understanding of the story. This novel by Andrew Clements explores themes such as honesty, responsibility, friendship, and the importance of community. Comprehension questions serve as a guide to ensure readers grasp key plot points, character development, and underlying messages. In this article, we will examine various types of comprehension questions, their significance, and how to effectively utilize them to enhance reading comprehension skills.

Understanding the Purpose of Comprehension Questions

Why Use Comprehension Questions?

- To assess students' understanding of the story
- To encourage critical thinking and analysis
- To promote engagement and active reading
- To prepare students for discussions or assessments
- To identify areas where students may need further clarification

Types of Comprehension Questions

- **Factual Questions:** Focused on specific details from the story (e.g., "What item does the boy lose?")
- **Inferential Questions:** Require reading between the lines (e.g., "Why do you think the boy felt guilty?")
- **Analytical Questions:** Encourage examining themes, character motivations, and story structure (e.g., "How does the boy?s discovery change his view of honesty?")
- **Opinion-Based Questions:** Invite personal responses and reflections (e.g., "Do you think the boy did the right thing? Why or why not?")

Common Comprehension Questions for Lost and Found

Questions About the Plot

- What is the main problem the boy faces in the story?
- How does the boy find the lost item?
- What actions does the boy take after discovering the lost item?
- How does the story resolve the conflict?

Questions About Characters

- Describe the main character. What are his key traits?
- How does the boy?s behavior change throughout the story?
- Who are the other important characters, and what roles do they play?
- What motivates the characters? decisions?

Questions About Themes and Messages

- What is the story saying about honesty and integrity?
- How does the story depict the importance of community?
- What lessons does the story teach about responsibility?
- In what ways does the story explore the idea of trust?

Questions for Critical Thinking

- Could the characters have handled the situation differently? How?
- What would you have done if you found the lost item?
- Do you think the ending was satisfactory? Why or why not?
- How might the story change if it took place in a different setting?

Strategies for Using Comprehension Questions Effectively

Pre-Reading Questions

Pre-reading questions activate prior knowledge and set a purpose for reading. Examples include:

- What do you think about losing something important?
- Have you ever found something that wasn?t yours? What did you do?

During-Reading Questions

These questions encourage active engagement with the text:

- What do you think the boy is feeling right now?
- Why do you think the character made that choice?

Post-Reading Questions

Post-reading questions help students reflect on the story and analyze its meaning:

- What was the most important lesson you learned from the story?
- How would you react if you were in the boy?s situation?

Creating Your Own Comprehension Questions

Steps to Develop Effective Questions

- **Identify key points:** Focus on main plot elements and character actions.
- **Encourage critical thinking:** Ask questions that require analysis rather than simple recall.
- **Mix question types:** Use factual, inferential, and opinion questions to cover different comprehension levels.
- **Align with learning objectives:** Ensure questions target specific skills or themes.
- **Use open-ended questions:** Promote discussion and deeper understanding.

Sample Questions You Can Develop

- What does the boy?s reaction to losing the item reveal about his personality?
- How does the setting influence the events of the story?
- What message do you think Andrew Clements is trying to convey through this story?
- Describe a moment where the characters? decisions impacted the outcome.

Resources to Support Comprehension Practice

Worksheets and Quizzes

Many educational websites offer ready-made worksheets and quizzes tailored to *Lost and Found*.

These can be used for individual practice or classroom assessments.

Discussion Prompts

Discussion prompts foster group conversations around the themes and moral lessons of the story, encouraging a deeper understanding.

Interactive Activities

- Role-playing scenarios based on the story
- Writing personal responses or reflections
- Creating alternative endings to explore different outcomes

Conclusion: Maximizing Learning with Comprehension Questions

Effective use of **Lost and Found Andrew Clements comprehension questions** enhances a student?s ability to analyze, interpret, and appreciate the story?s themes. By incorporating a variety of question types and strategies?pre-reading, during-reading, and post-reading?educators can facilitate a comprehensive understanding of the narrative. Developing tailored questions aligned with learning objectives ensures that students are not only recalling facts but also engaging critically with the text. Additionally, supplementing comprehension questions with interactive activities and discussions can deepen insight and foster a lifelong appreciation for literature. Whether used in classroom settings or at home, these questions are valuable tools for nurturing thoughtful and reflective readers.

Lost and Found Andrew Clements Comprehension Questions: A Comprehensive Guide for Educators and Students

When it comes to teaching literature and developing reading comprehension skills, selecting well-crafted questions that deepen understanding and promote critical thinking is essential. Andrew Clements?s novel Lost and Found is a compelling story that explores themes of friendship, honesty, and identity?making it an excellent choice for classroom discussion and assessment. To facilitate this educational process, educators often rely on comprehension questions tailored to the text. In this guide, we'll delve into the significance of Lost and Found comprehension questions, explore strategies for crafting effective questions, and provide a detailed overview of typical questions aligned with various learning objectives.

Understanding the Importance of Comprehension Questions for Lost and Found

Comprehension questions serve multiple educational purposes:

- Assessing Reading Comprehension: They gauge students' grasp of the story's plot, characters, and themes.
- Encouraging Critical Thinking: They prompt students to analyze motivations, make inferences, and evaluate actions.
- Supporting Vocabulary Development: Questions often focus on context clues and word meanings.
- Fostering Personal Connections: They encourage students to relate the story to their own experiences or broader societal issues.
- Preparing for Discussions and Assessments: Well-designed questions ensure students are prepared for class discussions, quizzes, or essays.

Specifically, for Lost and Found, comprehension questions can help unpack complex themes such as honesty, friendship, and identity, which are central to the narrative's impact.

Key Elements of Effective Comprehension Questions

Before diving into sample questions, it?s important to understand what makes questions effective:

- Aligned with Learning Goals: Questions should target specific skills or concepts.
- Open-Ended and Thought-Provoking: Encourage deep thinking rather than simple recall.
- Clear and Concise: Students should easily understand what is being asked.
- Varied in Difficulty: Include a mix of basic comprehension and higher-order thinking questions.
- Text-Referenced: Require students to cite evidence from the story.

By adhering to these principles, educators can craft questions that truly enhance understanding.

Categories of Comprehension Questions for Lost and Found

To cover the richness of Andrew Clements?s novel, questions are typically organized into several categories:

- Recall and Literal Comprehension

Questions that verify students' understanding of basic facts and events in the story.

- Inference and Interpretation

Questions that encourage students to read between the lines, infer motives, and interpret characters? actions.

- Analysis of Themes and Messages

Questions that explore the underlying messages and moral lessons of the story.

- Character Analysis

Questions focusing on character development, relationships, and motivations.

- Vocabulary and Language

Questions that develop vocabulary and interpret literary devices or language choices.

- Personal Reflection and Connection

Questions prompting students to relate themes or events to their own lives or societal issues.

Sample Comprehension Questions for Lost and Found

Below is a detailed list of questions, categorized according to the above types, designed to facilitate comprehensive understanding of Andrew Clements?s Lost and Found. These questions can be adapted for different grade levels and learning contexts.

Recall and Literal Comprehension Questions

- What is the main setting of Lost and Found? Describe the environment where the story takes place.
- Who are the main characters introduced in the beginning of the story? Provide a brief description of each.
- What event leads to the discovery of the lost item? How is it initially handled by the characters?
- Describe the sequence of events that occur after the lost item is found.
- What role does the community play in the story? How do they respond to the situation?

These types of questions establish foundational understanding and ensure students are familiar with key facts.

Inference and Interpretation Questions

- Why do you think the characters react differently to finding the lost item? What might this reveal about their personalities?
- What motivations might drive the characters to either return or keep the lost item?
- Based on the story, what do you think the author is trying to say about honesty? Provide evidence from the text.
- What can be inferred about the community?s values based on how they handle the situation?
- Why might the author have chosen to include specific details about the characters? reactions? What effect does this have on the reader?

Inference questions deepen engagement by requiring students to think beyond basic facts.

Analysis of Themes and Messages

- What is the central theme of Lost and Found? How does the story convey this theme?
- Discuss the importance of honesty in the story. How do the characters? choices illustrate this theme?
- How does the story explore the idea of community responsibility? Provide examples from the text.
- In what ways does Lost and Found address the concept of trust?
- What moral or lesson do you think the author wants readers to take away from the story?

These questions encourage students to reflect on larger ideas and messages.

Character Analysis Questions

- Describe the main character?s personality and how it influences their actions regarding the lost item.
- How do the other characters? reactions to the situation reveal their values or personalities?
- Compare and contrast two characters? responses to the same situation. What does this reveal about their differences?
- How does the main character change from the beginning to the end of the story? What events contribute to this change?
- What role do secondary characters play in shaping the story?s outcome?

Character-focused questions help students analyze development and relationships.

Vocabulary and Language Questions

- Identify five new words from the story and explain their meanings based on context.
- What literary devices does the author use to enhance the story? (e.g., descriptive language, dialogue, imagery)
- Find a sentence where the author uses imagery effectively. How does this contribute to your understanding of the scene?
- How does the tone of the story influence your perception of the characters? actions?
- Discuss the author?s use of dialogue. How does it reveal character emotions or relationships?

Vocabulary and language questions develop students? literary analysis skills.

Personal Reflection and Connection Questions

- Have you ever lost something important? How did you feel, and what did you do? How is this similar or different from the characters? experiences?
- What would you do if you found something valuable that didn?t belong to you? Why?
- Can you relate the story?s themes to any real-life situations or conflicts you?ve encountered?
- How does the story make you think about honesty and integrity?
- If you were one of the characters, how would you have handled the situation differently?

These questions help students connect the story to their personal lives, fostering empathy and moral reasoning.

Strategies for Using Comprehension Questions Effectively

To maximize the benefits of comprehension questions, educators should consider the following strategies:

- Use a Mix of Question Types: Incorporate recall, inference, and personal reflection questions to address different learning styles.
- Encourage Evidence-Based Responses: Always ask students to support their answers with evidence from the text.
- Facilitate Group Discussions: Use questions as prompts for classroom conversations, fostering collaborative learning.
- Assign Written Reflections: Have students write essays or journal entries responding to

open-ended questions.

- Create Differentiated Questions: Adapt questions to challenge advanced learners or support struggling readers.
- Incorporate Technology: Use digital platforms for quizzes and interactive discussions based on comprehension questions.

Additional Resources and Practice Ideas

To supplement comprehension questions, educators can utilize:

- Vocabulary Quizzes: Focused on new words from the story.
- Discussion Prompts: For group or class-wide debates on themes.
- Creative Assignments: Such as writing alternative endings or character diaries.
- Project-Based Learning: Creating posters or presentations about the story?s themes.
- Assessment Rubrics: Clear criteria for evaluating responses to open-ended questions.

By combining questions with diverse activities, teachers can foster a comprehensive understanding of Lost and Found.

Conclusion: Enhancing Literary Understanding with Thoughtful Questions

In summary, Lost and Found comprehension questions are vital tools that deepen students? engagement with Andrew Clements?s compelling story. When thoughtfully designed, these questions not only assess understanding but also promote critical thinking, moral reflection, and personal connection. Whether used as part of classroom instruction, homework, or assessment, effective questions bring the story?s themes to life and help students develop essential literacy skills.

By focusing on various question types?ranging from literal comprehension to personal reflection?educators can create a dynamic learning environment that encourages students to explore the text thoroughly. Remember, the goal is to foster a love for reading and a nuanced understanding of the story?s messages, preparing students to become thoughtful, reflective readers.

QuestionAnswer What are the main themes explored in 'Lost and Found' by Andrew Clements? The story explores themes of friendship, honesty, empathy, and the importance of understanding others' perspectives. How does Andrew Clements develop the character of the protagonist in 'Lost and Found'? Clements develops the protagonist by showing their reactions to situations involving loss and discovery, highlighting their growth in empathy and responsibility throughout the story.

What is the significance of the setting in 'Lost and Found'? The setting plays a crucial role by providing a realistic backdrop that emphasizes the everyday challenges and moral dilemmas faced by the characters, making the story relatable and impactful. How can students use comprehension questions to better understand the moral lessons in 'Lost and Found'? Students can analyze characters? decisions, identify themes, and reflect on the consequences of their actions through targeted comprehension questions, enhancing their understanding of the story's moral lessons. What are some effective strategies for teachers to facilitate discussions about 'Lost and Found'? Teachers can use open-ended questions, group activities, and role-playing exercises to encourage students to think critically about the story's themes and relate them to their own experiences.

Related keywords: lost and found, Andrew Clements, comprehension questions, book questions, reading comprehension, literature questions, classroom activities, story analysis, chapter questions, teaching resources

lost and found idioma ingles

lost and found idioma ingles: A Complete Guide to Understanding and Using the Phrase

If you?re learning English or engaging with English-speaking communities, you might have come across the phrase "lost and found." This common expression is used in various contexts, from airports and schools to everyday conversations. Understanding its meaning, origins, and proper usage is essential for effective communication. In this comprehensive guide, we will explore everything you need to know about "lost and found" in English, including its translation, definitions, practical applications, and related idioms.

What Does "Lost and Found" Mean in English?

Literal Definition

The phrase "lost and found" refers to a place or service where misplaced or lost items are temporarily stored, allowing their owners to retrieve them. These are typically found in public spaces such as airports, train stations, schools, hotels, and malls.

Figurative and Idiomatic Usage

Beyond its literal sense, "lost and found" is also used metaphorically in various contexts to describe situations involving discovery, recovery, or rediscovery of something valuable or important.

Origins and History of "Lost and Found"

While the exact origin of the phrase is unclear, it has been in use since the early 20th century. The concept stems from the necessity of providing a designated space for misplaced items, especially in high-traffic public areas. Over time, "lost and found" has become a standard term in English-speaking countries, symbolizing both physical repositories and the broader idea of recovery or rediscovery.

Common Uses of "Lost and Found" in English

1. Physical Lost and Found Centers

Most commonly, "lost and found" refers to a designated area where lost items are collected. Examples include:

- Airport lost and found offices
- School lost and found bins
- Hotel reception desks
- Shopping mall customer service counters

2. Personal or Emotional Contexts

The phrase is also used metaphorically to describe situations where someone recovers something personal or intangible:

- Rediscovering a passion or purpose
- Recovering lost memories
- Finding lost motivation or confidence

3. In Literature and Media

"Lost and found" appears frequently in stories, movies, and songs, symbolizing themes of loss, hope, and recovery.

How to Use "Lost and Found" in Sentences

Examples in Literal Contexts

- "I reported my wallet at the airport lost and found."
- "The school has a lost and found box for students to retrieve their belongings."
- "If you lose your keys, check the hotel?s lost and found department."

Examples in Figurative Contexts

- "After years of searching, she finally found her lost confidence."
- "Traveling helped him find his lost sense of adventure."
- "The novel is about a man who finds himself after a long period of loss and despair."

Related Idioms and Phrases in English

Understanding "lost and found" is easier when you are familiar with similar expressions. Here are some related idioms:

- **To find oneself:** To discover one's true identity or purpose.
- **Lost cause:** An effort that is hopeless or futile.
- **Found peace:** Achieving serenity or tranquility after a period of turmoil.
- **Lost in translation:** When meaning is misunderstood due to language barriers.
- **Find a needle in a haystack:** To find something very difficult to locate.

Practical Tips for Using "Lost and Found" Effectively

1. Clarify Context

Determine whether you are referring to a physical location or a metaphorical situation to use the phrase appropriately.

2. Use Correct Vocabulary

When talking about physical items, specify what was lost:

- "My sunglasses were in the lost and found."
- "Have you checked the lost and found for my umbrella?"

3. Be Precise in Figurative Use

In metaphorical contexts, be clear about what was lost or recovered:

- "He felt like he had lost himself during the chaos."
- "The artist found her inspiration after a long period of creative drought."

4. Incorporate Related Idioms

Enhance your language skills by mixing "lost and found" with related idioms for richer expression:

- "After years of searching, she finally found her lost love."

Common Challenges and Mistakes

1. Confusing "Lost and Found" with "Lost" or "Found"

Ensure you understand that "lost and found" refers to the combined concept of loss and recovery, not just one or the other.

2. Misusing in Non-Physical Contexts

While "lost and found" can be used metaphorically, avoid overextending the phrase to situations where other idioms are more appropriate.

3. Ignoring Cultural Variations

In some cultures, the concept of "lost and found" may be expressed differently or have different connotations.

How to Learn "Lost and Found" in Context

1. Practice Listening

Pay attention to how native speakers use "lost and found" in conversations, movies, and news.

2. Use in Writing and Speaking

Incorporate the phrase into your daily language to become more comfortable with its usage.

3. Study Related Vocabulary

Expand your vocabulary with synonyms and related idioms to enhance your expressive capacity.

Summary: Key Takeaways About "Lost and Found" in English

- "Lost and found" primarily refers to a physical place where lost items are stored temporarily.
- It is also used metaphorically to describe recovery of personal, emotional, or intangible things.
- The phrase is ubiquitous in public venues like airports, schools, and hotels.
- Understanding contextual usage is crucial for effective communication.
- Familiarity with related idioms enriches your language skills.

Conclusion

"Lost and found" is a versatile and widely used phrase in English that encapsulates both the literal act of recovering misplaced items and the more abstract journey of rediscovery and recovery. Whether you're navigating a busy airport or reflecting on personal growth, understanding this phrase enhances your ability to communicate effectively and naturally. By practicing its usage in various contexts and exploring related idioms, you can deepen your mastery of English expressions and enrich your language proficiency.

Remember: The next time you see a "lost and found" sign or hear someone talk about "finding what was lost," you'll understand the full scope and richness of this common yet meaningful phrase.

Lost and Found Idioma Inglés: An In-Depth Exploration of Language Revival and Preservation

Language is a living, breathing entity that evolves, adapts, and sometimes, unfortunately, fades into obscurity. Among the myriad of languages and dialects worldwide, the phenomenon of "lost and found" idioms in English?those phrases or expressions that have fallen out of common usage and then been rediscovered or revived?offers a compelling lens through which to examine linguistic resilience, cultural memory, and the ongoing battle to preserve linguistic diversity. This article delves into the history, significance, and contemporary relevance of "lost and found" idiom inglés, providing a comprehensive analysis suitable for language enthusiasts, linguists, and cultural historians alike.

Understanding "Lost and Found" Idioms in English

The Concept of Idioms in the English Language

Idioms are expressions whose meanings are not deducible solely from the literal definitions of their constituent words. They serve as cultural touchstones, encapsulating historical contexts, societal values, and collective experiences. In English, idioms are especially prolific, enriching the language with idiomatic nuances that often challenge language learners.

Defining "Lost and Found" Idioms

Within this landscape, "lost and found" idioms refer to phrases that were once widespread, fell into disuse, and then?through cultural revival, scholarly interest, or media exposure?were rediscovered. These expressions often carry historical significance, idiomatic richness, or regional flavor, which makes their resurgence noteworthy.

Examples of such idioms include:

- Bite the bullet ? once common in military contexts, now used to signify enduring pain or hardship.
- By and large ? a nautical term that became a general expression meaning "on the whole."
- Cold comfort ? an idiom indicating inadequate solace, with origins dating back to 17th-century England.
- Flogging a dead horse ? meaning to persist with a futile effort, dating back to the 19th century.
- Hang fire ? originally a firearm term meaning delay, now used metaphorically for hesitation.

The Historical Trajectory of Lost and Found Idioms

Origins and Evolution of Key Idioms

Many idioms classified as "lost and found" have fascinating histories. Their trajectories often mirror societal changes, technological advances, and shifting cultural paradigms.

Case Study: "Bite the bullet"

- Origins: Believed to originate during wartime surgeries when anesthesia was unavailable, soldiers endured pain by biting on a bullet.
- Disuse and Revival: While the phrase was common in the 19th and early 20th centuries, it waned in everyday speech but was kept alive through military literature and historical references.
- Modern Usage: It has been revived in popular media, including films and literature, reinserting the phrase into contemporary lexicon.

Case Study: "By and large"

- Origins: Nautical phrase referring to sailing with the wind on the port side ("by") or the starboard side ("large"?a corruption of "larboard").
- Disuse: Declined in nautical contexts with technological advancements but persisted in general idiomatic usage.
- Revival: Became a mainstream expression in the 20th century, especially in American English,

illustrating how maritime idioms migrated into everyday language.

Factors Contributing to the Disappearance and Revival of Idioms

Several factors influence the lifecycle of idioms, including:

- Technological Changes: Words and phrases tied to outdated technologies or practices often fade.
- Cultural Shifts: Social and political transformations can render certain idioms obsolete.
- Media and Popular Culture: Films, literature, and media can revive interest in archaic expressions.
- Educational Curricula: Inclusion of historical language in academic settings sparks rediscovery.
- Regional Variations: Dialectal expressions may fade regionally but survive through cultural preservation efforts.

The Role of Media and Literature in "Lost and Found" Idioms

Media as a Catalyst for Rediscovery

Television shows, movies, and online platforms frequently introduce audiences to archaic idioms, often with context clues that facilitate understanding. For example:

- The film "The Patriot" popularized military and historical idioms.
- Podcasts and blogs dedicated to language history regularly feature segments on vintage expressions.
- Social media memes and challenges often revive obscure idioms, giving them viral life.

Literature's Preservation of Idiomatic Heritage

Classical literature, historical documents, and regional dialect anthologies serve as repositories for lost idioms. Notable examples include:

- Shakespeare?s plays, which contain idiomatic expressions still used today.
- Victorian-era literature that captures idioms specific to that period.
- Regional dialect collections that preserve idioms unique to particular communities.

Contemporary Challenges and Opportunities in Reviving Lost Idioms

Challenges

While there is enthusiasm for rediscovering old idioms, several obstacles hinder their widespread revival:

- Language Simplification: Modern communication favors concise, straightforward expressions, often at the expense of idiomatic richness.
- Cultural Disconnect: Younger generations may lack historical context to understand idioms rooted in specific eras or events.
- Misinterpretation Risks: Without proper context, idioms can be misunderstood or misused, diluting their original meaning.

Opportunities

Conversely, modern tools and societal trends offer opportunities:

- Digital Archives: Online databases and linguistic repositories facilitate access to historical idioms.
- Educational Initiatives: Incorporating idiomatic history into language curricula fosters appreciation and understanding.
- Creative Media: Literature, music, and film can creatively incorporate and popularize archaic expressions.
- Language Preservation Movements: Efforts by linguistic organizations aim to document and sustain regional and historical idioms.

Practical Strategies for Identifying and Reviving Lost Idioms

- Research Historical Texts: Exploring old books, newspapers, and documents can uncover forgotten idioms.
- Engage with Regional Dialects: Local communities often preserve idioms that have disappeared from mainstream usage.
- Utilize Digital Tools: Corpora, linguistic databases, and language learning apps can help identify and contextualize archaic idioms.
- Incorporate into Education: Teaching historical idioms in schools can spark interest and understanding.
- Create Cultural Content: Writers and content creators can weave ancient idioms into modern narratives to boost visibility.

Conclusion: The Significance of "Lost and Found" Idioms in English

The phenomenon of "lost and found" idioms in English exemplifies the dynamic nature of language. These expressions serve as linguistic time capsules, offering insights into historical practices, societal values, and regional identities. Their rediscovery and revival are more than mere linguistic curiosities?they foster cultural continuity and deepen our understanding of language as a mirror of human experience.

In an era where language is continually evolving, preserving and celebrating these idiomatic treasures hold immense value. They remind us that language is not static but a vibrant, adaptive tapestry woven through centuries of human history. Whether through scholarly research, media exposure, or educational initiatives, the ongoing quest to recover lost idioms enriches the cultural fabric of the English language and ensures that these linguistic gems are not lost to time forever.

In sum, "lost and found" idioms in inglés are emblematic of the resilience of language and the enduring human desire to connect with the past. Their stories, revival, and preservation are vital chapters in the broader narrative of linguistic and cultural heritage.

QuestionAnswer What does 'lost and found' mean in English? 'Lost and found' refers to a place or service where lost items are kept until their owners claim them. How do you say 'perdido y encontrado' in English? It is translated as 'lost and found'. What should I do if I find something in a lost and found office? You should report it to the staff, provide a description if required, and follow their procedures to claim or return the item. Are 'lost and found' services available at airports and train stations? Yes, most airports and train stations have dedicated lost and found offices to help travelers recover lost belongings. Can I leave a lost item at a lost and found without reporting it? It's best to report the lost item to the staff so they can properly document and help return it to the owner. What are common items found in lost and found offices? Common items include wallets, phones, keys, clothing, jewelry, and bags. How long do lost and found items typically stay at the facility? The retention period varies, but most places keep items for a few months before donating or disposing of them if unclaimed.

Related keywords: lost and found, English language, language learning, vocabulary, idioms, English expressions, language skills, English idioms, language practice, English phrases

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